Nippon Building Fund Inc. 2024 Environmental Performance

Energy consumption

	Item	Unit	2024	Assurance
Г	otal energy consumption	(thousand kWh)	335,124	
	Fuel consumption	(thousand kWh)	53,517	
	Electricity consumption	(thousand kWh)	222,133	
	Other heat consumption	(thousand kWh)	59,438	
	Renewable energy self-consumption	(thousand kWh)	35	
E	nergy consumption intensity	(kWh/m²)	179.5	
Ν	Ion-fossil fuel certificate utilization	(thousand kWh)	41,394	

Greenhouse gas emissions

Item		Unit	2024	Assurance
CO ₂ emissions : before deduction of Non-fossil A= fuel certificate		(t-CO2)	114,670	
Scope1 emissions	(1)	(t-CO2)	3,897	
Scope2 emissions : before on Non-fossil fuel certificate	leduction of _{©a}	(t-CO2)	16,351	Z
Scope2 Non-fossil fuel certinutilization	ficate ^{®b}	(t-CO2)	12,324	V
Scope2 emissions : after de Non-fossil fuel certificate	duction of _{©c}	(t-CO2)	4,027	V
Scope3 (category13) emiss deduction of Non-fossil fuel	3a	(t-CO2)	94,422	V
Scope3 Non-fossil fuel certinutilization	ficate ^{③b}	(t-CO2)	5,266	V
Scope3 (category13) emiss deduction of Non-fossil fuel	3c	(t-CO2)	89,156	V
Total Scope2,3 Non-fossil fuel cer utilization	tificate B=@b+3b	(t-CO ₂)	17,590	V
CO_2 emissions : after deduction of Non-fossil fuel certificate $C=A-B$		(t-CO2)	97,081	
CO ₂ emissions intensity		(kg-CO ₂ /m ²)	52.0	

Water consumption

	Item	Unit	2024	Assurance
Т	otal water consumption	(thousand m ³)	1,257	
	Purchased water consumption	(thousand m ³)	1,113	
	Other water consumption	(thousand m ³)	144	V
٧	Vater consumption intensity	(m ³ /m ²)	0.60	

Waste emissions

	Item	Unit	2024	Assurance	
Т	otal waste emissions	(t)	6,041		
	General waste emissions	(t)	4,545 ※		
	Industrial waste emissions	(t)	1,496	\checkmark	
R	Ratio by method of waste disposal				
	Landfilling	(%)	4.2		
	Incineration	(%)	33.5		
	Recycling	(%)	60.8		

※Of the general waste emissions, 2,335 t☑ are assured. The scope covered by the assurance is as described in [Notes on the performance] 3. Calculation method ④.

The 🗹 mark indicates that the data in 2024 has received the independent practitioner's assurance by Deloitte Tohmatsu Sustainability Co., Ltd. in the Japanese version of this report. Issue date: 2025/6/24

[Notes on the performance]

- 1. Scope of data calculation
 - In principle, all properties owned by Nippon Building Fund Inc. (NBF) during the period from January 1 to December 31, 2024 are covered. Additionally, based on the performance results for 2024, calculations are made taking into account NBF's share in each property held.
 - Regarding gas consumption, some data such as amount of city gas consumption, contracted directly by tenants, which is difficult to calculate, is excluded.
 - Waste data for properties where building management is performed by tenants (NBF Osaki Bldg. and NBF Ginza Street Bldg.), are excluded.
 - Portions that are difficult to aggregate, such as residential areas, are excluded from the data aggregation.

2. Calculation period

Calculation period: January 1st through December 31st 2024

- 3. Calculation method
- ① Energy consumption

Total energy consumption = Σ (consumption by energy type × heating value conversion factor × conversion rate for electricity)

Calculated by using the conversion factor based on the "Act on Rationalization of Energy Use and Shift to Non-fossil Energy"

Energy type: city gas, bunker A, diesel oil, Electricity, cool water, warm water, steam, other hot water

② Greenhouse gas emissions

Scope of greenhouse gas: Energy origin CO₂

Energy origin CO_2 emissions = Σ (energy consumption \times CO_2 emission factor)

The CO₂ emission factors for fuel and other heat are based on the "Greenhouse Gas Emission Calculation and Reporting Manual" published by Ministry of the Environment and Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry.

- i) The definitions of Scope 1, 2, and 3 $\,$
 - Scope 1: CO₂ emissions associated with the use of fuel (city gas, bunker A, diesel oil) in properties excluding tenant-managed properties ("owner-managed properties").
 - Scope 2: CO₂ emissions from the use of purchased electricity and heat (Electricity, cool water, warm water, steam, other hot water) in owner-managed properties. Emissions calculated based on tenants' energy consumption using the total floor area and tenants' exclusive area ("tenants' energy-derived CO₂ emissions") are excluded from the calculation.
 - Scope 3: CO₂ emissions from tenant energy consumption. For owner-managed properties, the total floor area and exclusive area for tenants are used to calculate tenant energy-derived CO₂ emissions.

ii) Non-fossil fuel certificate

NBF has been sourcing its real CO₂-free electricity together with a Non-fossil fuel certificate.

③ Water consumption

Total water consumption = Σ (Purchased water consumption^{*1} + Other water consumption^{*2})

- ^{*1} Purchased water consists of purchased clean water and industrial water among other things.
- *2 Other water consists of water recycled inside the property, grand water, rainwater among other things.
- ④ Waste emissions

Total waste emissions = Σ (General waste emissions^{*1} + Industrial waste emissions) Based on the "Waste Management and Public Cleansing Act"

- *1 Out of the 68 properties subject to the calculation of general waste emissions, the scope covered by the assurance includes 36 properties calculated using one of the following measurement methods: ① Measurement by meters within individual properties, ② Measurement by waste collection contractors, ③ Measurement by garbage bags (weight conversion based on documented agreements).
- (5) Intensity figures

Each intensity figure = Total consumption of each / Floor space Floor space is based on area under the Building Standards Act. Intensity figures are corrected by annual average occupancy rate. Corrected intensity figures = Non-Corrected Intensity Figures / Average vacancy rate [%] Calculations of energy consumption intensity and CO₂ emission intensity are based on the energy consumption and CO₂ emissions that reflect the Non-fossil fuel certificate utilization.

4. Some variance come from rounding off.



Independent Practitioner's Assurance Report

June 24, 2025

Mr. Kenji Iino, Executive Director, Nippon Building Fund Inc.

> Tomoharu Hase Representative Director Deloitte Tohmatsu Sustainability Co., Ltd. 3-2-3, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

We have undertaken a limited assurance engagement of the environmental performance information indicated with for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "Quantitative Environmental Information") included in the "Nippon Building Fund Inc. 2024 Environmental Performance" (the "Report") of Nippon Building Fund Inc. (the "Company").

The Company's Responsibility

The Company is responsible for the preparation of the Quantitative Environmental Information in accordance with the calculation and reporting criteria adopted by the Company (indicated with the Quantitative Environmental Information included in the Report). CO_2 quantification is subject to inherent uncertainty for reasons such as incomplete scientific knowledge used to determine emissions factors and numerical data.

Our Independence and Quality Management

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior. We apply International Standard on Quality Management 1, *Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Statements, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements*, and accordingly maintain a comprehensive system of quality management including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Our Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a limited assurance conclusion on the Quantitative Environmental Information based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our limited assurance engagement in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements ("ISAE") 3000, Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information, issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board ("IAASB"), ISAE 3410, Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements, issued by the IAASB and the Practical Guideline for the Assurance of Sustainability Information, issued by the Japanese Association of Assurance Organizations for Sustainability Information.

The procedures we performed were based on our professional judgment and included inquiries, observation of processes performed, inspection of documents, analytical procedures, evaluating the appropriateness of quantification methods and reporting policies, and agreeing or reconciling with underlying records. These procedures also included the following:

- Evaluating whether the Company's methods for estimates are appropriate and had been consistently applied. However, our procedures did not include testing the data on which the estimates are based or reperforming the estimates.
- Undertaking site visits to assess the completeness of the data, data collection methods, source data and relevant assumptions applicable to the sites.

The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had we performed a reasonable assurance engagement.

Limited Assurance Conclusion

Based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Quantitative Environmental Information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the calculation and reporting criteria adopted by the Company.

The above represents a translation, for convenience only, of the original Independent Practitioner's Assurance report issued in the Japanese language.